

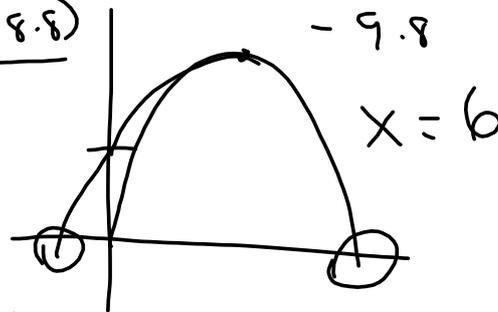
Quadratic word problems

An object is launched at 19.6 meters per second (m/s) from a 58.8-meter tall platform. The equation for the object's height s at time t seconds after launch is $s(t) = -4.9t^2 + 19.6t + 58.8$, where s is in meters. When does the object strike the ground?

$$x = \frac{-19.6 \pm \sqrt{19.6^2 - 4(-4.9)(58.8)}}{2(-4.9)}$$

$$x = \frac{-19.6 \pm 39.2}{-9.8}$$

$$\frac{-19.6 - 39.2}{-9.8}$$



2. An object is launched directly upward at 64 feet per second (ft/s) from a platform 80 feet high. The equation of the object's height, h , at time, t , seconds after launch is

$$h(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 80$$

What will be the object's maximum height? When will it attain this height?

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = \text{time to the top}$$

$$\frac{-64}{2(-16)} = 2 \text{ sec.}$$

$$\text{max height } -16(2^2) + 64(2) + 80 = 144 \text{ ft.}$$

When a flare is fired upward at 58.8 m/s, its height, h meters, is given by the equation $h = -4.9t^2 + 58.8t$, where t seconds is the time since firing.

a) Determine the maximum height of the flare and the time it takes to reach this height.

$$\frac{-58.8}{2(-4.9)} = 6 \text{ seconds}$$

$$-4.9(6^2) + 58.8(6) = 176.4 \text{ ft}$$

1. An object is launched from ground level directly upward at 39.2 m/s. The equation of the object's height, h , at time, t , seconds after launch is $h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 39.2t$.

How many seconds will it take for the object to hit the ground?

$$x = \frac{-39.2 \pm \sqrt{39.2^2 - 4(-4.9)(0)}}{2(-4.9)}$$

$$\frac{-39.2 \pm 39.2}{-9.8} = 8.14 \text{ sec}$$

$$\frac{-39.2}{2(-4.9)} = 4.07$$