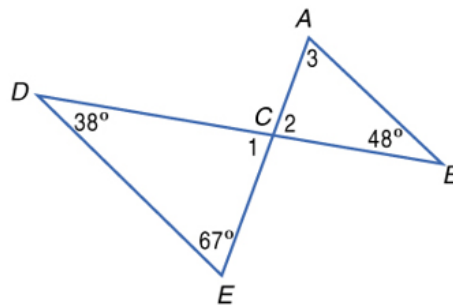


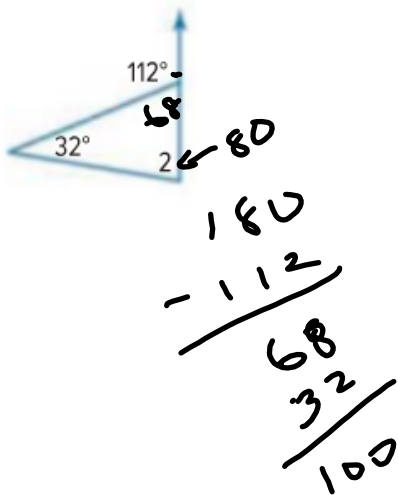
Review Section 4.1-4.3

Find the measure of $\angle 3$.

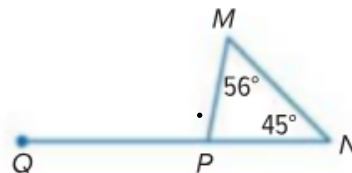


Find each measure.

3. $m\angle 2$



4. $m\angle MPQ$



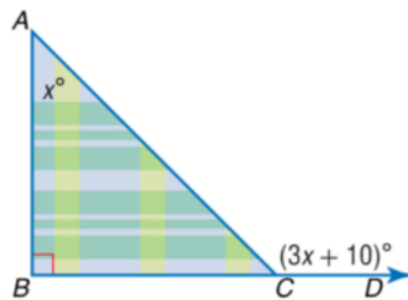
$$m\angle MPQ = 56 + 45 = 101$$

Find the value of x

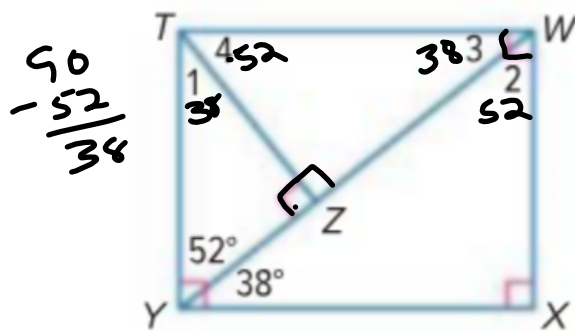
$$3x - 10 = 90 + x$$

$$2x = 8$$

$$x = 40$$



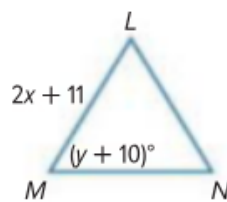
Find the missing angle measures



In the figure, $\triangle LMN \cong \triangle QRS$.

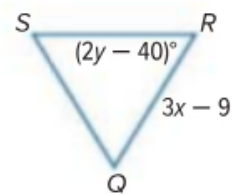
4. Find x .

5. Find y .



$$2x + 11 = 3x - 9$$

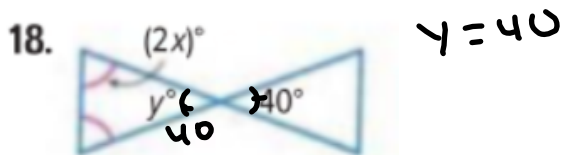
$$20 = x$$



$$y + 10 = 2y - 40$$

$$50 = y$$

Find x and y .



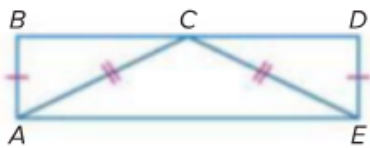
$$\frac{140}{2} = 70 = 2x$$

$$35 = x$$

two-column proof

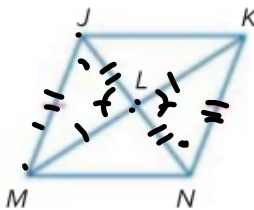
Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{ED}$, $\overline{CA} \cong \overline{CE}$;
 \overline{AC} bisects \overline{BD} .

Prove: $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle EDC$

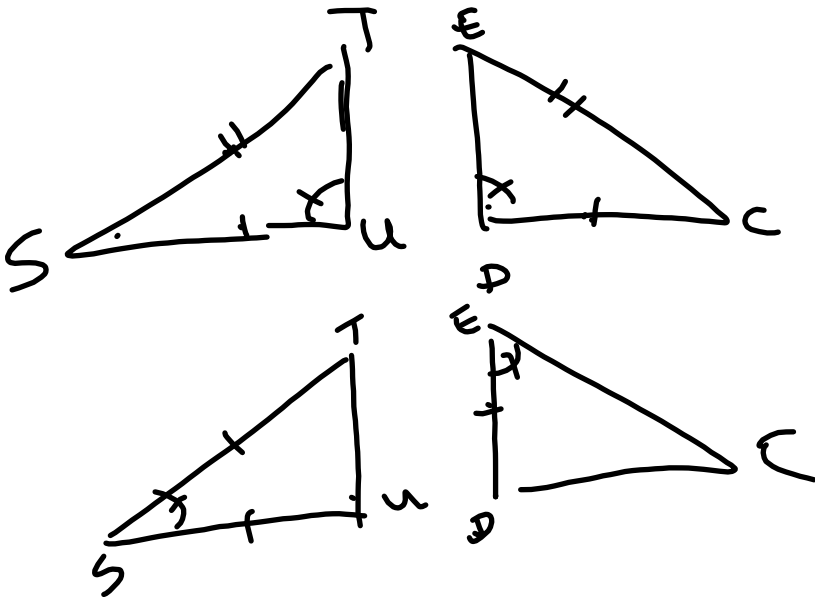


Given: $\overline{JM} \cong \overline{NK}$; L is the midpoint of \overline{JN} and \overline{KM} .

Prove: $\angle MJL \cong \angle KNL$



- 1.
 2. $\overline{JM} \cong \overline{NK}$
 $\overline{JL} \cong \overline{LN}$
 3. $\angle JLM \cong \angle KLN$
 4. $\triangle MJL \cong \triangle KNL$
 5. $\angle MJL \cong \angle KNL$
1. Given
 2. Def of midpoint
 3. Vert \angle Thm
 4. SAS Post
 5. CPCTC



$$\overline{MN} \cong \overline{ZX}$$

$$\angle M \cong \angle X$$

$$\angle N \cong \angle Y$$

